UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 1300 Clay Street (2d fl.)

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

In re

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No. 00-42039 J7 Adv. No. 02-4017 AJ

Debtor.

JANNY CASTILLO,

JANNY CASTILLO,

Plaintiff,

vs.

ED FUND and EDUCATIONAL CREDIT MANAGEMENT CORPORATION,

Defendants. /

## DECISION DENYING MOTION TO ALTER OR AMEND JUDGMENT

Defendant Educational Credit Management Corporation ("ECMC") has moved to alter or amend this court's Judgment filed herein July 3, 2002. The motion will be denied.

As the court noted in its Decision After Trial (the "Decision") filed July 3, 2002, this adversary proceeding is governed by In re Pena, 155 F.3d 1108 (9th Cir. 1998), wherein the Ninth Circuit adopted a three-pronged test to determine whether excepting a student loan from a debtor's bankruptcy discharge would constitute

Decision Denying Motion

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an "undue hardship" to the debtor within the meaning of Bankruptcy Code § 523(a)(8). The gravamen of ECMC's argument now before the court relates to the first Pena prong, which is whether the debtor can: "maintain, based on current income and expenses, a 'minimal' standard of living for herself and her dependents if forced to repay Pena, 155 F.3d at 1111 (quoting Brunner, 831 F.2d at 396).

In essence, ECMC argues that the Ford Program mentioned on page 4 of the Decision is a "repayment" program, not a "forbearance" program, the label used by the court in the Decision. argues ECMC, if Castillo were forced to repay the loan, under the facts of this case she would be forced to repay nothing, based on her current income and expenses. And because ECMC has shown that Castillo is indeed able to "repay" nothing under the Ford "repayment" program without impairment of her admittedly minimal standard of living, ECMC contends that she cannot meet the first Pena prong.

Whether ECMC's argument is labeled as "semantic", "circular", or merely "inapposite," the result is the same: the motion is without merit and must be denied. The first prong of the Pena test assumes money changing hands. It does not assume a loan, repayment of which is payment of nothing. See Decision, pp. 4 - 6.

The court will therefore issue its order denying ECMC's motion.

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Dated: August 19, 2002

Edward D. Jellen United States Bankruptcy Judge